

SAYS BOYS ABROAD WELL, BUT LONELY

Comfort Them, Says Herbert
L. Pratt in Y. M. C. A.
Talk at All Souls.

OPENS DRIVE FOR WORKERS.

Greene Avenue Baptist Congregation
Hears Spirited Talk by
Captain Findlay.

"Are the 1,000,000 American boys in Europe as clean morally and physically as when they left home? Are they contented with their lot? What can the folks back home do to brighten their days in the front line trenches?"

Optimistic answers to these questions were given yesterday morning by Herbert L. Pratt, who has just returned from the western front.

Mr. Pratt spoke at the first of a series of Sunday morning patriotic services in All Souls' Universalist Church, Ocean and Delmas avenues. Mr. Pratt opened the campaign to secure 1,000 Y. M. C. A. workers in New York for overseas service, and the church's four women lay leaders—The distribution of candy and tobacco among American soldiers, he said, had been placed in the hands of the Y. M. C. A. by General Pershing. Seven hundred distributing points had been established and at least 300 more are being provided for.

"The boys are a cleaner and better class of people than when they left America," said Major Pratt. "The drink and moral questions are not troublesome and the work of the American Military Police is at the best."

"Don't let's worry about the boys' morals. They are, however, homesick and homesick. Write to them often and cheerfully."

"The work of the Y. M. C. A. is to counteract the highly concentrated work of the Army machine. It helps to cheer up the boys and keep up the morale of the Army."

"We're going to find a different kind of a boy coming back than the one who went over. The boys are educated now with broader ideas and a sense of responsibility."

After services so many people were anxious to ask questions that the congregation reconvened, and Mr. Pratt went into details regarding the service required of men and women. He said that many employers were paying the salaries of

(Article No. 11.)

CHIROPRACTIC

(Pronounced Ki-ro-prak-tik.)

The science of chiropractic is a comparatively new health system. Its development through twenty-three years of remarkable growth, and good success with the sick and afflicted, followed the inquiry and investigations of a single individual who, studying the body from the angle of its competency to take care of its health needs when in proper adjustment, conceived and formed a system of scientific adjustment that will insure freedom to the nerves to carry health impulses from the brain to every cell in every tissue, organ and part of the human machine.

The theory that people may recover their health by such adjustment is not expected to meet wide approval except as it stands upon impartial inquiry and produces the maximum of health results. It is new, strange and unusual to most people, and most people are slow to investigate any strange proposition. To bring to the attention of the public the request to thoroughly investigate the merit in the science of chiropractic for about every kind of sickness this article is written.

You are sick, we will say, and would do anything within reason to get well.

You have heretofore tried many things, and they have all failed you. All the accomplishments of science have availed you nothing toward getting well. If you are normal you want to be as well off as people who ordinarily are well. Why shouldn't you be if the same law of nature that operates to keep the well man well is consulted and brought into action to produce health in the sick? Because everything else has failed is not proof that Chiropractic adjustment will be no more successful. It has been successful in thousands of cases that would not respond to other methods.

More than five hundred thousand people the country over now take chiropractic adjustments for their health needs. There are thousands of restored patients of the chiropractors among the general public. Nearly anywhere you inquire people will be found who will unreservedly endorse the chiropractic work as the most effective health practice extant. Such a situation should in itself be inducement sufficient to prompt inquiry into the chiropractic work by every sick individual.

Being a purely natural method the chiropractic work is absolutely harmless. Men, women and children are equally benefited. Full consultation and examination of the spinal column are granted without charge. Benefits from adjustments often come surprisingly early and patients are not long left in doubt whether they are receiving definite help. There is no experimentation and no guesswork. The cause of the ailment suffered is the object worked on, and its removal is assured in the vast majority of cases by adjusting the spine with the bare hands to restore its sections to their true positions. All recoveries are made by the forces that reside in the body in degree as the nerves are made free for the uninterrupted action of the energy generated by the brain. Make your own investigation and be your own judge.

Save this, cut it out. Another will appear next Monday. (Rights reserved.)

For further information address your inquiry to Box No. 50, Brooklyn Daily Eagle. It will receive immediate attention.

Chiropractors of Brooklyn

men going abroad. The Y. M. C. A. guaranteed a uniform and a kit; free transportation over seas and back; expenses at the rate of \$65 to \$75 and an allowance for family when necessary and also special war insurance. He also said that an effort was being made to rescind the rule that a woman with a brother in the Army could not get abroad. After seeing what the French women did, the American boys would not be satisfied with their wives sitting in rocking chairs and doing nothing practical.

BROOKLYN MEN DRAFTED

(Special to The Eagle.)
Torrington, Conn., July 8.—Among the seventy drafted men who are to leave Torrington during the week of July 22 for Camp Devens are Tony Tuine of 87 Montrose avenue; Brooklyn, and Joseph Troisi of 234 Prospect street, Brooklyn. Thomas Thudo of 35 Emerson place is one of the five substitutes. Among the 186 men to leave the town this country during the same week is Frederick W. Eick of 1145 Hancock street, Brooklyn.

ARMY ENLISTMENTS

Continued from Page 8.

John Schulte, 292 Wilcoxbury av.
Aleyous Story, 148 Lyman st.
Henry W. Tracy, 107 St. Nicholas av.
John Barker, 111 Avenue T.
Edward Catterson, 27 Novel st.
John Armer, 55 Grand st.
Thomas Dart, 200 Cuyler st.
Denis Dempsey, 911 4th st.
Michael Ferro, 216 Montrose av.
Joseph D. Hamilton, 483 Washington av.
George Lang, 491 Atlantic av.
John P. Pfeifer, 821 Greenwich av.
Alexander Honaker, 331 Kosciusko st.
Abraham Blumenthal, 259 Bowery st.
Henry Barnes, 865 Broadway.
Frederick Gerald, 223 8th av.
Herbert Hurting, Freeport, L. I.
Richard Mohns, 185 Huron st.
Joseph Walsh, 17 Spencer st.
Joseph Deppen, 48 Oxford av.
Hiram Parker, 121 1/2 Clinton st.
Harry Durham, 225 Bradford st.
Marius Chifer, 72 Richardson st.
Robert Clarke, 687 Classon av.
George Gross, 1823 Madison st.
William Gilligan, 455 5th st.
Peter Garvin, 369 Delefeit st.
Arthur Hamil, 171 5th st.
John Howard, 48 1/2 2d st.
Bernard Karpowich, 82 1/2 2d st.
Harry Jones, 3104 Jamaica av.
Raymond Kraus, 2165 85th st.
Hurt Lauter, 280 Kenmore place.
Charles Morton, 859 Fort Hamilton av.
Joseph Morris, 1547 1st st.
George Merle, 193 Skillman st.
Mark McHugh, 271 Greene av.
John McHugh, 149 Clinton place.
Alexander Robertson, 200 Concourse st.
George Russel, 213 Emerson place.
William Schle, 69 Jewell st.
Frank Smith, 724 Humboldt st.
James Torpy, 211 Pearl st.
Albert White, 201 Brooklyn av.
John W. Williams, 100 1/2 Clinton st.
Dominick D'Amato, 25 1/2 5th st.
Irving Davison, 211 Hooper st.
Jacob Eberling, 117 Cornelius st.
Harold Graf, 231 Suydam st.
Henry George, 644 Leonard st.
Reed Hoeg, 112 Avondale st.
Otto Hettcheimer, 743 Menchon st.
Harry Kaplan, 217 Madison st.
William Karpowich, 21 1/2 Clinton st.
George Leicht, 211 Clinton st.
Alfred Mundell, 152 Hancock st.
Harry Oberg, 121 1/2 10th av.
James Ricci, 121 Waverly av.
George Shanley, 25 East 5th st.
Frank Spano, 11 Old Bushwick road.
Howard Schulte, 285 St. John's place.
Vincenzo Sico, 285 St. John's place.
George Shush, 257 West 25th st.
Giovanni Sico, 215 Clinton st.
Meyer Berlin, 309 St. John's av.
Robert E. Ramp, 257 West 5th st.
William Walsh, 1170 4th st.
Francisco Antonowgry, 83 Poplar st.
John Francisco, 497 Lincoln av.
Louis Garra, 338 St. Mark's av.
Nathan Heidman, 711 Nostrand av.
John Hirsch, 200 1/2 Clinton st.
Peter Yanickov, 1055 Nostrand av.
George Anten, 1429 DeKalb av.
Arthur Broker, 10 Henry st.
Benjamin Glassman, 2301 West 25th st.
Thomas Petercon, South Ozone Park, L. I.
Joseph Malone, 181 Forbush av.
John Shau, 181 East 16th st.
John Smith, 704 DeKalb st.
John Smith, 204 Madison st.
Charles Wehmeyer, 216 1/2 5th st.
George Eckhardt, 114 Hall st.
Leonard Follmer, 22 Ten Eyck st.
Joseph Fernandez, 195 Garfield place.
James Kavanagh, 127 5th st.
John Motolo, 923 1/2 5th st.
Thomas Newell, 49 Lewis av.
Joseph Tramont, 961 Van Brunt st.
John Albright, 201 Liberty st.
Benjamin Cooperman, 225 South 4th st.
Walter Coyle, 1745 Broadway.
William Francke, 211 Nevins st.
Harry Kalle, 2412 Hughes st.
Andrew Kane, 42 Lafayette av.
George Lafeira, 391 South 5th st.
Herbert Lehman, 724 Lefferts av.
John Lefebvre, 211 1/2 5th st.
Peter Mandel, 210 1/2 5th st.
Thomas Napoli, 631 Liberty av.
Joseph Norman, 539 Essex st.
Vincent O'Connell, 251 5th av.
George Smith, 682 Franklin av.
Peter Tierney, 1603 Atlantic av.
Alexander Zinner, 355 5th av.
James Calley, 211 Lawton st.
John Gleason, 718 1/2 5th st.
Frank Gwin, 214 1/2 5th st.
Samuel Levine, 147 Havemeyer st.
John McSowell, 429 4th av.
William Pettit, 405 Amsterdam av.
John Lyons, 520 Elen st.
Alfred Sienert, 181 High st.
Anthony Molla, 206 Graham av.
John Many, 125 Furman st.
John McSweeney, 181 1/2 5th st.
John Kestro, 480 Clinton st.
Frank Ratajka, 251 Parsons st.
Frederick Reichter, 1001 DeKalb av.
Benjamin Hirsch, 187 Hart st.
Frederick Whitemore, 29 Noble st.
Leonard Ahner, 1204 Bushwick av.
George Glabrecht, 119 Meeker av.
William Hogan, 658 5th av.
Charles Hirsch, 187 Hart st.
Joseph Russell, 155 4th st.
William Wagnleitner, 111 Ralph av.
Robert McDonald Jr., 1609 Nostrand av.
William Dougherty, 250 Prospect av.
Daniel Savarese, 1855 West 5th st.
Frank Soule, 155 Fehlner st.

LONG ISLAND ARMY ORDERS

Captain Lester Adams, Medical Reserve Corps, is relieved from duty at Camp Upton, to take effect at such time as will enable him to complete his order, and will proceed to Rochester Institute for Medical Research, Sixty-sixth street, and Avenue A, for a course of instruction in bacteriology.

REGISTER IN SAN JUAN.

San Juan, P. R., July 8.—Incomplete returns of Friday's registration for the draft of those reaching the age of 21 since last registration day indicate that the total throughout the Island will be somewhat smaller than the estimated 16,000. In San Juan 160 registered, while the estimate was for 500.

ENSIGN MILLER, PROMOTED.

Ensign W. Rowland Miller has earned a promotion in the Navy and is now a Junior Lieutenant. He is 21 years old, the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Miller of 1876 Eighty-second street.

EASY.

Diaphoretic old lady—What ought I to take for an acid rain?—A acid drop. (Involuntarily)—An acid drop.

GAS-NOX

A special dietary for hypochondriacs, stomach and intestinal, respiratory, heart, rheumatism, neuritis, rheumatism, constipation, constipation, rheumatism, pain in the stomach, etc. 6,000 physicians now using this dietary and best results. Your druggist can supply you.—Advertisement.

DR. MOOR ASSAILED KAISER AND PRINCE

Calls the Heir Apparent an Irresponsible Youngster.

MUST DOWN HOHENZOLLERNS.

Preaches on "Germany's Crown Prince, an Ahab Coveting Modern Vineyards."

The Crown Prince of Germany and heir presumptive to the throne of the Hohenzollerns would not have felt flattered had he been at the Baptist Temple last night and heard his own character portrayed by the Rev. Dr. George Caleb Moor in words which admitted of no misinterpretation as to their meaning and the message they were intended to convey.

The title of the verbal painting was "Germany's Crown Prince: An Ahab Coveting Modern Vineyards."

Dr. Moor described the Prince physically, "a young slim man with a very bright brain, low forehead, big nose and chin." He said he was an irrepressible intriguer who tried to dominate the entire royal household and would suffer no opposition to his will, not allow any one to interfere with the domination of his power.

"He is the only one in the realm who may contradict the Kaiser, who in no way has been able to control him," continued Dr. Moor. "He married a princess of the Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and by the alliance of plenty of money, and consequently is able to carry along his ideas and ambitions with a high hand irrespective of his father or any consideration for humanity. And this is the young man who is expected to carry on the work of the Kaiser, a worthy son of a worthy father."

"Never shall there be peace in Europe until father and son are sent to where they should be sent. I have heard someone suggesting St. Helena, and in favor of sending the Kaiser there, but send along with him the Crown Prince and all the breed of the Hohenzollerns, all the unholy dynasty and those who may expect relief."

The picture of the Kaiser was painted in even more somber color than that of the Crown Prince. Dr. Moor referred to him as usurping the divine prerogatives, and placing himself on a par with the Supreme Being in his blasphemous ambition and lust for power.

"I have the right to do what I have the power to do, to let one of his mottoes," said Dr. Moor. "Death to all who do not believe in me, mission—I am the instrument of the Almighty and the sword of the Lord, and woe and death to all who oppose me."

"The Kaiser's God is the power of the world," said the pastor, as he likened him and his son unto King Ahab and Jezebel. Ahab was confronted with Elijah the prophet and did not overtake in the end. "God is not sleeping. He is not an absentee. He never neglects His duty."

"Think of this man, the Kaiser, at the end of life; think of the picture

that shall rise before him of the past! His only music shall be a dirge, the cries of children and the wailing of women—this man who has left Europe a shambles of bleaching bones saturated with blood. To end the war he wants England to give us her fleet, give us Suez Canal over to Turkey, and design France to make his country pay an indemnity of \$45,000,000; but the slimy fingers of Germany shall never touch a penny of our money. On the contrary, the Germans will have to restore Belgium and Serbia, and recompense France and Italy. He and his son and the whole Hohenzollern dynasty must be crushed before they can be allowed to go with the peace for which our brave boys are fighting and for which many of them have poured out their blood from which a harvest of liberty and freedom shall arise."

OUTING FOR MAIL CARRIERS.

To Buy W. S. With Proceeds From Carnival.

The Brooklyn Letter Carriers Association held its twenty-sixth annual summer carnival at Ulmer Park Saturday afternoon and evening. The proceeds of the affair are to be devoted to the purchase of War Savings Stamps.

The association's entertainers furnished many vaudeville acts. Movies were shown in the main hall continuously from 4 till 9:30 o'clock. The Letter Carriers Band of forty pieces, Harry J. Cochrane, director, gave an opeur concert.

The members of the entertainment committee are: William A. Monahan, James N. Little, Dan Cahan, M. A. Edelman, William E. McCull, George E. Slater and William J. Gorman.

GERMANY HAS TO CUT THE POTATO RATION

Amsterdam, July 8.—Owing to the lateness of the new potato crop, the Berlin authorities, according to the magazine "Die Zeit," announced yesterday the reduction of the potato ration next week from three to one pound and the distribution of no extra 200 grammes of beans and peas per head.

DID NOT INDORSE LUNN

W. A. Monahan, president of branch 41 of the National Letter Carriers Association, which comprises the Brooklyn men, Saturday denied a report that his organization had endorsed George R. Lunn for the Governorship, or that the Letter Carriers Convention in Schenectady had taken any such action.

"At a Fourth of July celebration in an open air gathering place, Lunn made a patriotic address, and the audience, including the Brooklyn members, clapped vociferously in the audience proposed three cheers for 'our next Governor.' The cheers were given. That celebration was held under the auspices of the Schenectady letter carriers, but the convention did not take any action which could in any way be construed as endorsing Lunn."

Mr. Monahan was born in England in 1832 and came to America in 1852. During the Civil War he was recruiting major of the old Thirteenth Regiment. He retired from active business in 1890 and was employed by five men and one daughter.

Crouchley, with whom he made his home. Funeral services will be held at his late home this evening.

R. E. EDITOR DIES

HORSE MEAT IN PARIS COSTS AS MUCH AS BEEF."

Paris, July 8.—The price of horse flesh, which has risen extraordinarily because it can be sold on three meatless days in the week, has been regulated by an official decree of the Ministry of Agriculture. Horsemeat quotations are at the same level as those for the best cuts of beef. Thus, the choice cuts of horsemeat, which were 2 or 2 1/2 francs a pound in June 1917, now are 3 1/2 francs.

TWO ALARMS FOR STORE FIRE.
Two alarms were turned in for a fire which did \$1,000 damage to the tailor shop of Rubin of 1597 St. John's place yesterday afternoon. The flames had gained headway before they were discovered by Patrolman John Quill. The blaze was started, it is believed, by a gas heater for iron which Mr. Rubin left burning when he went home for lunch. M. Sidman of 264 Rochester avenue owns the building.

POST TOASTIES
A disastrous fire destroyed his warehouse and consequently he entered the real estate field, and becoming expert in determining values, began editing columns in the New York dailies. At various times he was connected with the World, Tribune, Mail and Express, Commercial Advertiser and the Daily Graphic.

Mr. Smith was born in England in 1832 and came to America in 1852. During the Civil War he was recruiting major of the old Thirteenth Regiment. The flames had gained headway before they were discovered by Patrolman John Quill. The blaze was started, it is believed, by a gas heater for iron which Mr.